Grammar coverage							
Informal and formal	Use inverted commas	Dashes to mark the	Semicolons to demarcate	Simple sentences and how	Modal verbs		
speech:	accurately with	boundary between clauses:	within a list	to embellish them			
find out / discover	punctuation; start a new	It's raining – I'm fed up					
ask for / request	line for each new speaker						
go in / enter	and place who says what						
Using question tags for	at the beginning and at the						
informality:	end of the inverted						
He's in your class, isn't he?	commas						
Use the subjunctive for							
formal writing:							
lf I <u>were</u> you							
Abstract nouns	Repetition for effect:	Colon and bullet points for	Alliteration	Consolidating compound	Auxiliary verbs		
	persuasion, suspense,	a list		sentences and			
	emphasis			coordinating conjunctions			
Synonyms:	Connectives to signpost	Hyphens for compound	Similes	Complex sentences	Tense (past, present and		
Realising that when you	and create cohesion within	words to avoid ambiguity:		and subordinate	future)		
find a synonym, the word	a text:	man eating shark		conjunctions			
means something slightly	 order of sequence 	or					
different, eg,	 time connectives 	man-eating shark					
"big" and "grand". "Grand"	 additional ideas 						
can mean "one thousand",	 space and place 						
"elaborate" and	 contrasting 						
"decorative", as well as	 exemplification 						
"big".	- results						
	 to summarise 						
Antonyms:	Layout devices such as	Identify the subject and	Metaphors	Combining complex and	Pronouns: relative and		
using prefixes	headings, sub-headings,	object of the sentence		compound clauses to	possessive		
	columns, bullet points,			create a sentence			
	tables and paragraphs						
Collective nouns	Colons to mark the	Ellipses to create suspense	Personification	Rhetorical questions	Relative clauses		
	boundary between	and to show missing words					
	clauses:	in a quote					
	It's sunny: I'm going out to						
	play.						

The difference between passive and active sentence and when to use the passive	Semicolons to mark the boundary between clauses: It's raining; I'm fed up	Antonyms to create different effects in sentences	Fronted adverbials	Expanded noun phrases: The witch, who crashed her broom, is over there, feeling dazed.	Determiners and generalisers
				A whole sentence can be a noun phrase	
Imperative verb					

Spelling	Sentence/ grammar lessons		
Antonyms	Fronted adverbials		
	Expanded noun phrases		
Synonyms	Determiners and generalisers		
	Imperatives		
Informal and formal language	Semicolons		
	Colons		
Conjunctions	Bullet points		
	Dashes		
Connectives	Passive and active sentences		
	Informal and formal language		
Relative pronouns	Rhetorical questions		
	Personification		
Possessive pronouns	Metaphors		
	Alliteration		
Hyphens for compound nouns	Similes		
	Compound sentences		
Collective nouns	Complex sentences		
	Combining complex and compound clauses		
Modal verbs	Relative clauses to create complex sentences		
	Pronouns – relative and possessive		
Abstract nouns	Ellipses		
	Relative clauses		
Imperative verbs	Subject and object of the sentence		
	Layout devices (could also be used in guided reading)		
It must be noted that these spelling are in addition to the spellings advised by the	Past tense		
2014 National Curriculum.	Present tense		
	Future tense		
	Auxiliary verbs		
	Modal verbs		
	Embellishing simple sentences		
	Repetition for effect		
	Inverted commas		

This document is to be used in conjunction with the accompanying "Grammar progression" and "Sentence development" documents. It is important to look at the year before and after to be able to differentiate and to identify how the children could develop further. Using these documents will arm you with information on how to help your pupils, set goals and identify next steps for their writing.

This covers all the areas for the 2014 National Curriculum and more.

Each year group builds on the year before, so it is fundamental that teachers are aware of what has been taught in previous years. Therefore, teachers could highlight the sections covered and embedded and pass this information on to the next class teacher.